

If you're earning income by working for yourself — even part-time — the IRS considers you self-employed. This includes:

- Freelancers and consultants
- Coaches, creators, and online business owners
- Contractors or gig workers
- Digital nomads with international clients

If you earn \$400 or more, you must report that income to the IRS.

What Are Your Tax Responsibilities as a Self-Employed Expat?

Even while abroad, you're required to:

- File a U.S. federal tax return
- Pay self-employment tax (15.3%) on your net income
- Report worldwide income even if you're paid in foreign currency or deposited into a non-U.S. bank
- Track business expenses and keep records

Need help staying organized? We offer professional bookkeeping and light accounting services for small business owners — so you can stay focused on what you do best, while we keep your books clean and tax-ready.

What About the FEIE?

You may qualify for the **Foreign Earned Income Exclusion (FEIE)** — which can reduce or eliminate **income tax** on your self-employment income. However:

The FEIE does NOT exempt you from self-employment tax.

You still owe 15.3% on your net income unless covered by a **totalization agreement** (see below).



U.S. Social Security & Totalization Agreements

If you're living in a country with a **U.S. totalization agreement** (like the UK, Germany, or Australia), you may be able to avoid paying self-employment tax to both countries. To do so, request a **Certificate of Coverage** from the U.S. Social Security Administration.

Do I Still Owe State Income Tax?

Maybe. Some states (like **California**, **New Mexico**, **and South Carolina**) are aggressive in pursuing tax from residents who move abroad. If you **retain ties to a U.S. state** — like a driver's license, voter registration, bank accounts, or property — you might still be considered a tax resident there and owe **state income tax**.

We can help you evaluate whether your ties qualify you for ongoing state filing.

Deductions to Track

As a self-employed person, you can reduce your taxable income by deducting legitimate business expenses. These may include:

- Home office (even abroad)
- Internet & phone
- Business software & subscriptions
- Advertising/marketing
- Travel directly related to business
- Professional development
- Equipment or supplies

Pro tip: If you use a personal bank account, track every transaction related to your business and keep digital receipts. Or better yet — set up a dedicated business account.



We Can Help With:

- Professional bookkeeping & monthly reports
- Quarterly estimated tax calculations
- Business setup guidance
- Clean-up or catch-up books if you're behind
- Year-end tax prep support

Let Us Simplify the Financial Side of Your Business

Whether you're just starting your expat business or catching up on late filings, we offer **judgment-free**, **clear support** to help you stay organized and compliant — so you can thrive abroad.

Book a Discovery Call or Message

https://bewellfinance.org